

After Spectroscopy

Aromaticity

- What makes something aromatic?

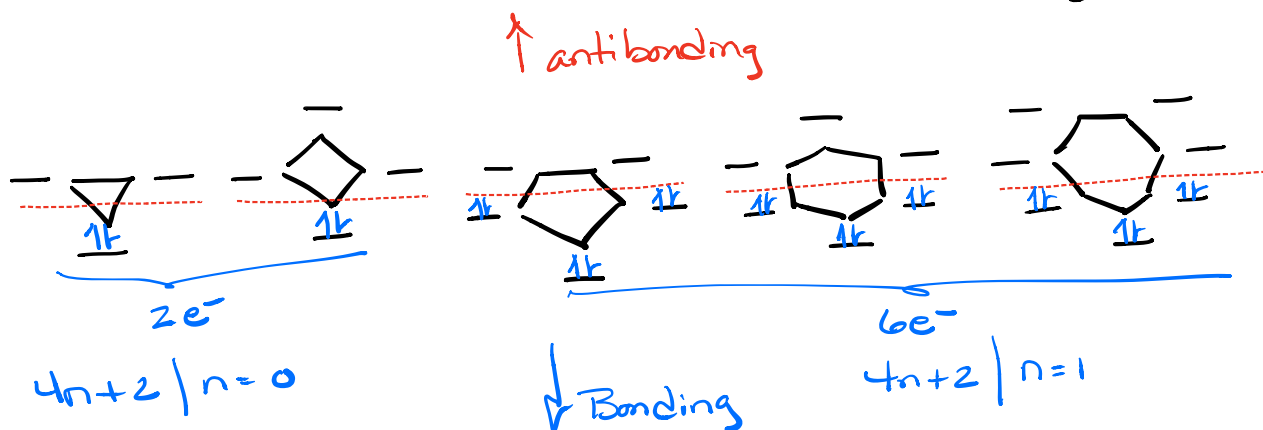
- Ring

- Flat

- fully conjugated

- $4n + 2 \pi e^-$ | $n = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots$

Frost's Circle analysis showing all bonding orbital full & antibonding empty



- Reactions of aromatic Systems

Electrophilic aromatic Substitution

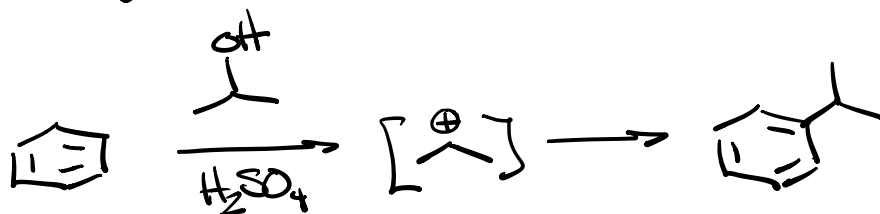


EDG - Activating & ortho/para directors
-X (-O-R, -NR₂, ...)

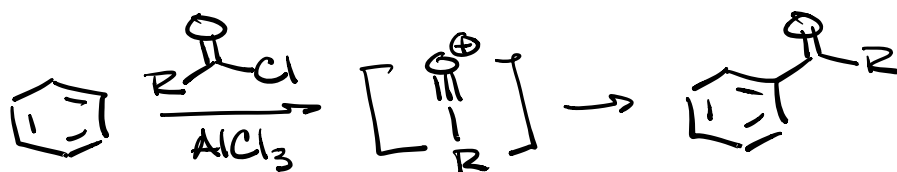
EWG - Deactivating & meta directors



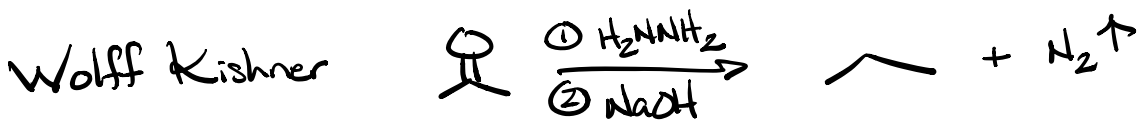
- Alkylations and Acylations (Friedle Crafts)



Any way that we could create a Carbocation



Two reactions to remove (reduce) carbonyl

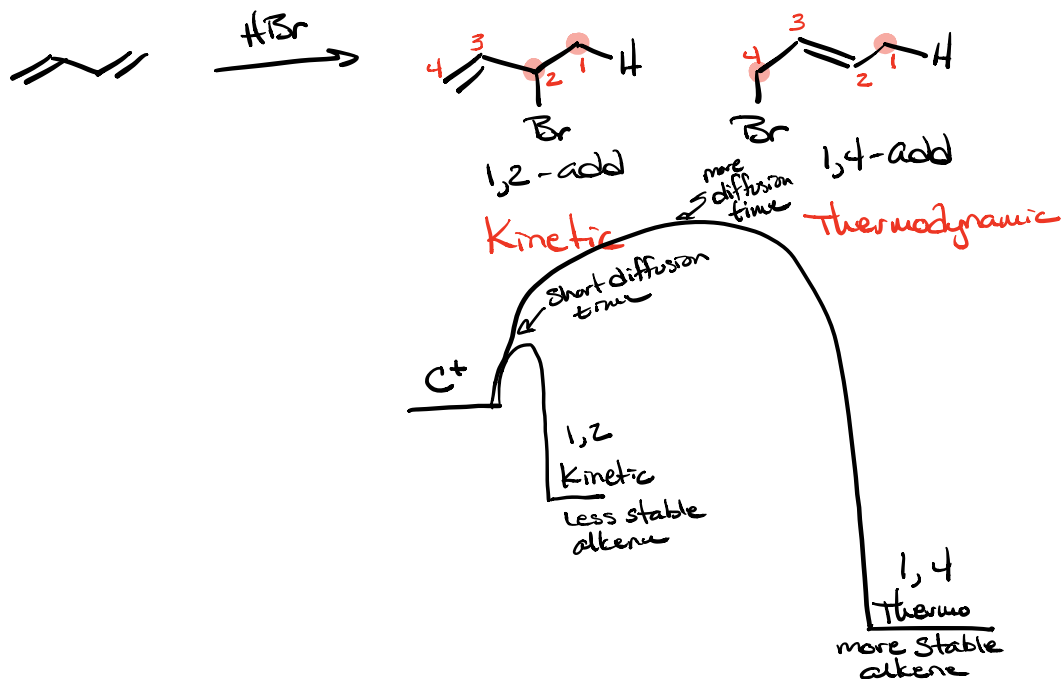


amalgam \equiv = solution of two or more metals



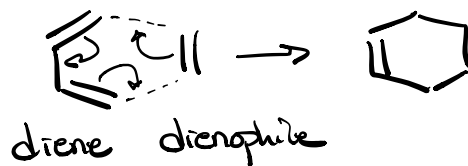
Diene Systems

- Electrophilic Addition Reactions

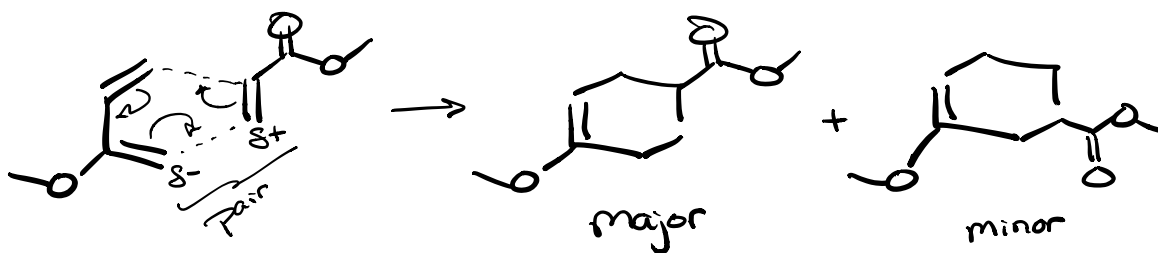


- Diels Alder

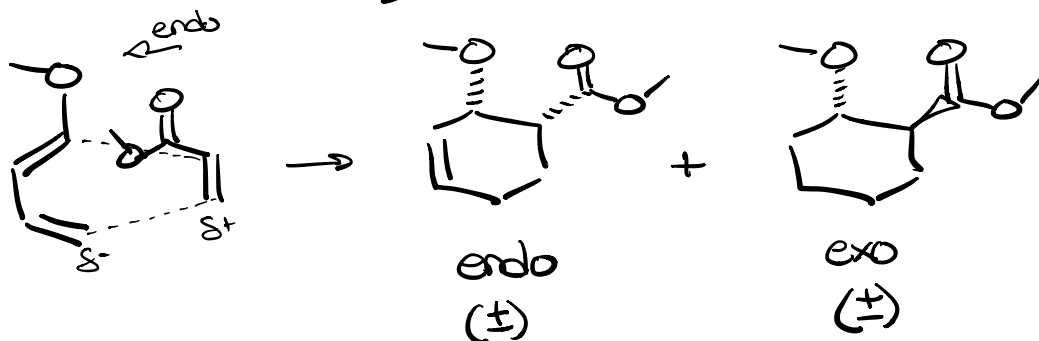
- Concerted Rxn



- Regiospecific

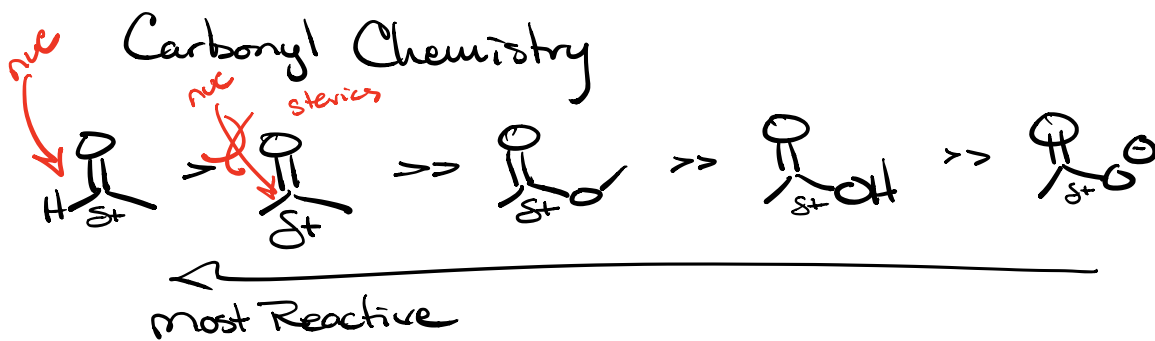


- Stereospecificity

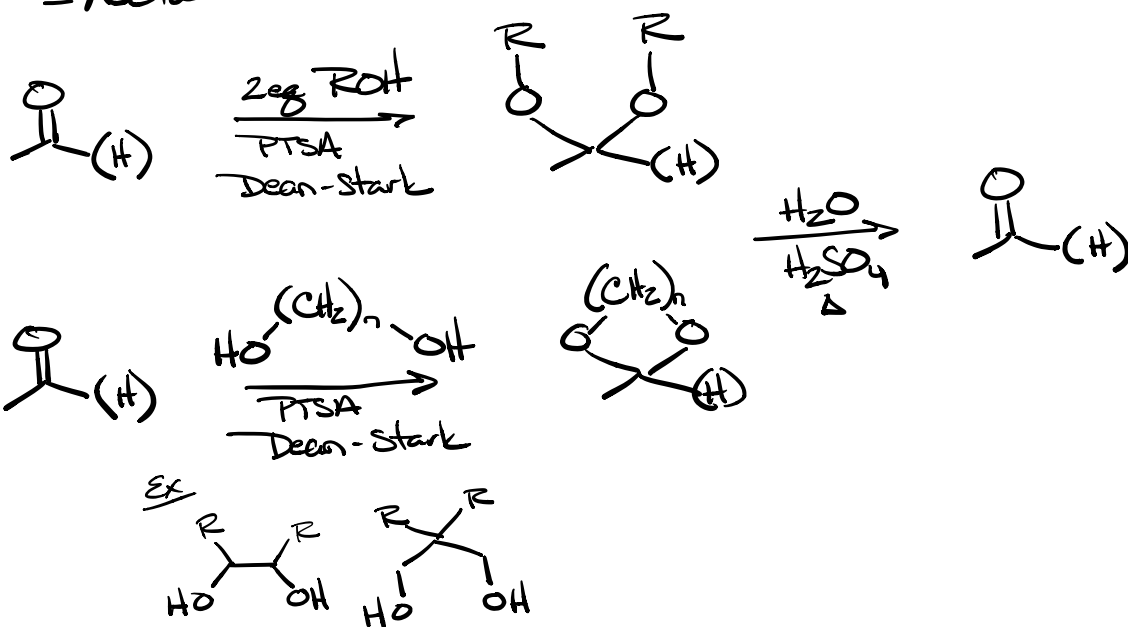


Major
3 orbital overlaps
in \pm that gave
lower ϵ_A

only 2 orbital
overlaps



- Acetals & Ketals



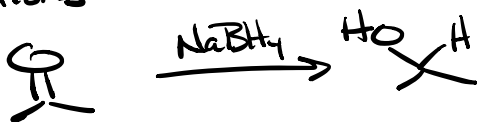
Used to make products, Carbohydrate Chem, protecting Groups

most other reactions were review

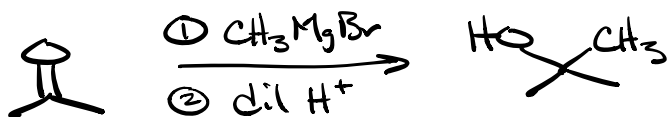
Oxidations



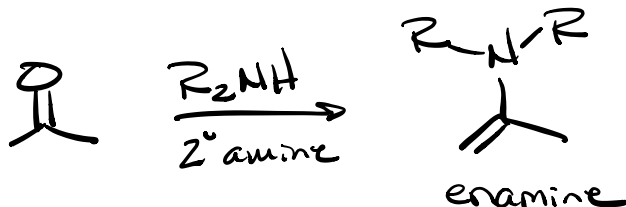
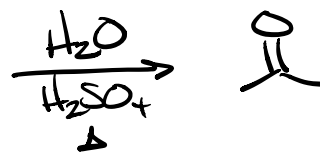
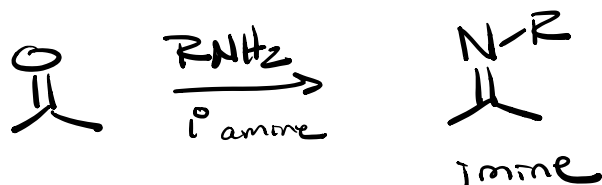
Reductions



Alkylations

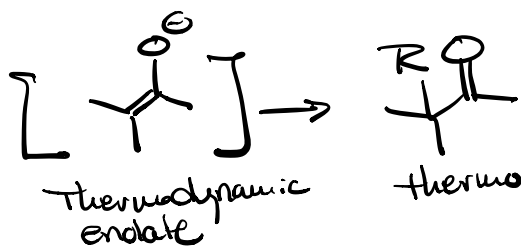
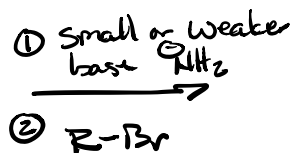
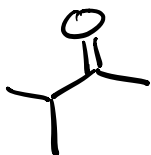
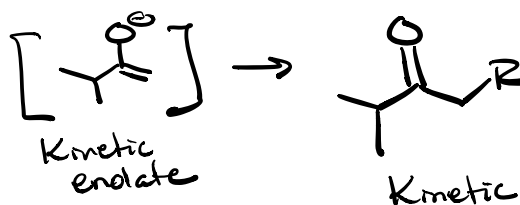
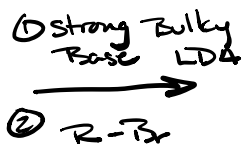
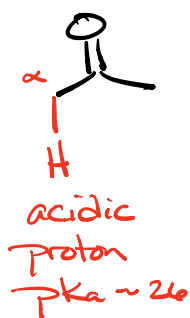


New Reactions



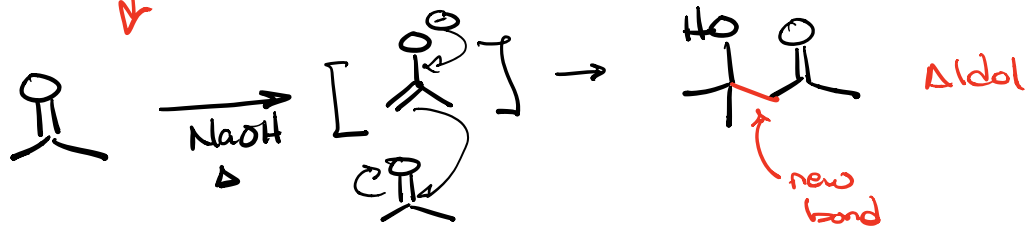
* Acetal/ketal/Imine/Enamine all use assisted leaving steps \Rightarrow No $\text{S}_{\text{N}}2$ steps!

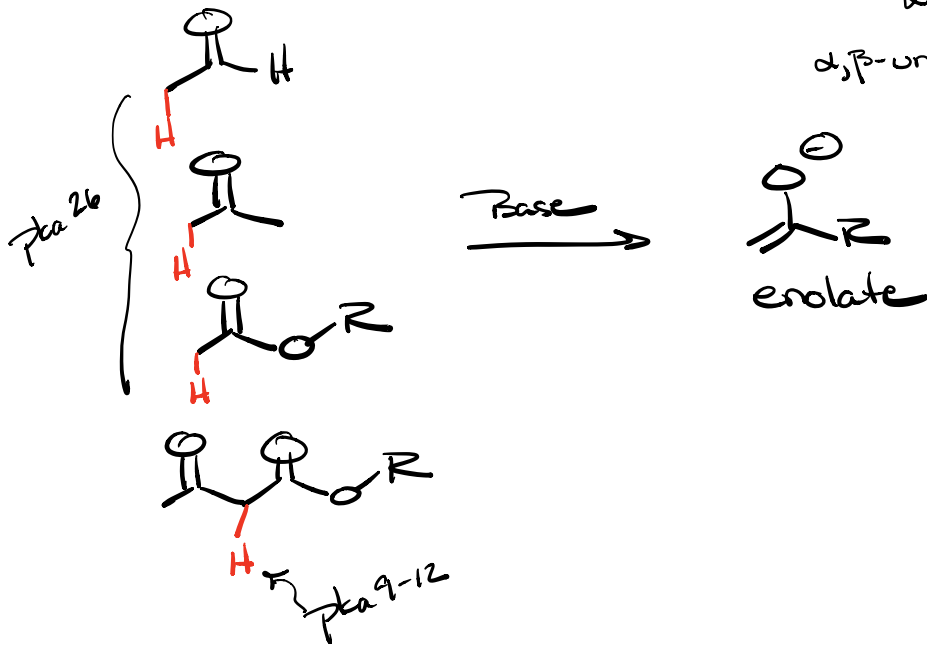
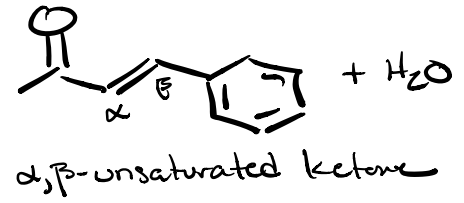
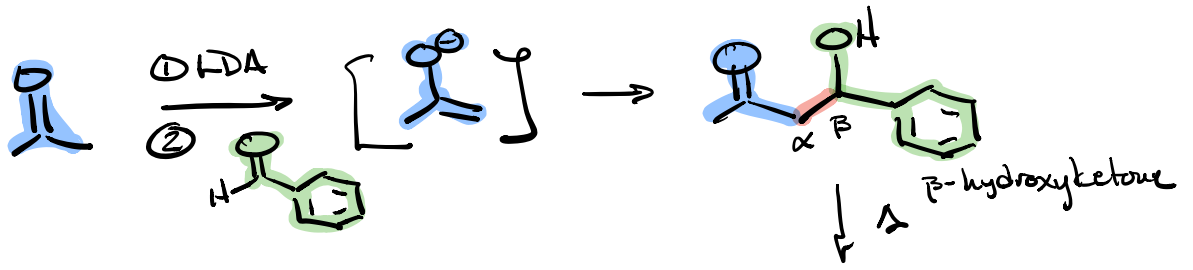
Alkylation Reactions at the α position



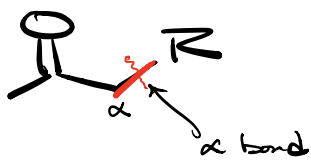
Cut Here

↓ Aldol Reactions

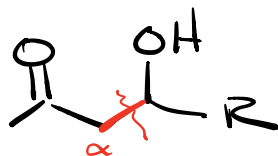




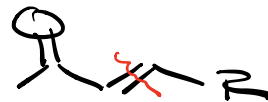
RetroSynthesis



alkylation



aldol



from C1=CC=CC=C1
 and other reagents
 of no more than 3
 Carbons.

